

NGĀTI MARU
and
TE KĀHUI MARU TRUST: TE IWI O MARUWHARANUI
and
THE CROWN

TE HIRINGA TAKETAKE
DEED OF SETTLEMENT SCHEDULE:
GENERAL MATTERS

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GENERAL MATTERS

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1 IMPLEMENTATION OF SETTLEMENT

- 1.1 The governance entity must use best endeavours to ensure that every historical claim proceeding is discontinued –
 - 1.1.1 by the settlement date; or
 - 1.1.2 as soon as practicable after the settlement date.
- 1.2 After the settlement date, the Crown may, do all or any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 advise the Waitangi Tribunal (or any other tribunal, court, or judicial body) of the settlement;
 - 1.2.2 request the Waitangi Tribunal to amend its register of claims, and adapt its procedures, to reflect the settlement;
 - 1.2.3 from time to time propose for introduction to the House of Representatives a bill or bills for either or both of the following purposes:
 - (a) terminating any historical claim proceeding;
 - (b) giving further effect to this deed, including achieving –
 - (i) certainty in relation to a party's rights and/or obligations; and/or
 - (ii) a final and durable settlement.
- 1.3 The Crown may cease, in relation to Ngāti Maru or a representative entity, any land bank arrangements, except to the extent necessary to comply with its obligations under this deed.
- 1.4 Ngāti Maru and every representative entity must –
 - 1.4.1 support a bill referred to in paragraph 1.2.3; and
 - 1.4.2 not object to a bill removing resumptive memorials from any record of title.

2 INTEREST

2.1 The Crown must pay to the governance entity, interest on –

2.1.1 \$29,000,000, being the financial and commercial redress amount of \$30,000,000 less the on-account payment referred to in clause 7.1.2 (**second on-account payment**); and

2.1.2 \$14,000,000, being the financial and commercial redress amount less –

(a) the on-account payment of \$15,000,000 referred to in clause 7.1.1 (**first on-account payment**); and

(b) the second on-account payment; and

2.1.3 \$7,500,000 being the financial and commercial redress amount less –

(a) the first on-account payment; and

(b) the second on-account payment; and

(c) \$6,500,000, being the on-account payment made under clause 7.2 (**third on-account payment**).

2.2 The interest under paragraph 2.1.1 –

2.2.1 is payable for the period -

(a) beginning on 20 December 2017, being the date of the agreement in principle; and

(b) ending on 4 September 2018, being the day before the first on-account payment was made; and

2.2.2 is to be paid on the date the third on-account payment is made under clause 7.2.

2.3 The interest under paragraph 2.1.2 –

2.3.1 is payable for the period –

(a) beginning on 5 September 2018, being the date the first on-account payment was made; and

(b) ending on the day before the third on-account payment under clause 7.2 was paid; and

2.3.2 is to be paid on the date the third on-account payment is made under clause 7.2.

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GENERAL MATTERS

2: INTEREST

2.4 The interest under paragraph 2.1.3 –

2.4.1 is payable for the period –

(a) beginning on the day the third on-account payment under clause 7.2 was paid; and

(b) ending on the date before the settlement date; and

2.4.2 is to be paid on the settlement date.

2.5 The interest under paragraph 2.1 is –

2.5.1 payable at the rate from time to time set as the official cash rate by the Reserve Bank, calculated on a daily basis but not compounding; and

2.5.2 subject to any tax payable in relation to it; and

2.5.3 payable after withholding any tax required by legislation to be withheld.

2.6 The parties record that interest on the second on-account payment was paid to the governance entity on 7 September 2020.

3 TAX

INDEMNITY

- 3.1 The provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, to the governance entity is not intended to be –
 - 3.1.1 a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - 3.1.2 assessable income for income tax purposes.
- 3.2 The Crown must, therefore, indemnify the governance entity for –
 - 3.2.1 any GST payable by the governance entity in respect of the provision of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; and
 - 3.2.2 any income tax payable by the governance entity as a result of any Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, being treated as assessable income of the governance entity; and
 - 3.2.3 any reasonable cost or liability incurred by the governance entity in taking, at the Crown's direction, action –
 - (a) relating to an indemnity demand; or
 - (b) under paragraph 3.13 or paragraph 3.14.1(b).

LIMITS

- 3.3 The tax indemnity does not apply to the following (which are subject to normal tax treatment):
 - 3.3.1 interest paid under part 2:
 - 3.3.2 any of the following provided under the settlement documentation:
 - (a) amounts paid or distributed by the Crown Forestry Rental Trust in relation to the licensed land, including rental proceeds and interest on rental proceeds:
 - 3.3.3 the transfer of a deferred selection property or RFR land under the settlement documentation:
 - 3.3.4 the governance entity's –
 - (a) use of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; or
 - (b) payment of costs, or any other amounts, in relation to Crown redress.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 3.4 To avoid doubt, the parties acknowledge –
- 3.4.1 the Crown redress is provided –
- (a) to settle the historical claims; and
 - (b) with no other consideration being provided; and
- 3.4.2 in particular, the following are not consideration for the Crown redress:
- (a) an agreement under this deed to –
 - (i) enter into an encumbrance, or other obligation, in relation to Crown redress; or
 - (ii) pay costs (such as rates, or other outgoings, or maintenance costs) in relation to Crown redress:
 - (b) the performance of that agreement; and
- 3.4.3 nothing in this part is intended to imply that –
- (a) the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, is –
 - (i) a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - (ii) assessable income for income tax purposes; or
 - (b) if the governance entity is a charitable trust, or other charitable entity, it receives –
 - (i) redress, assets, or rights other than for charitable purposes; or
 - (ii) income other than as exempt income for income tax purposes; and
- 3.4.4 the transfer of a deferred selection property or RFR land under the settlement documentation is a taxable supply for GST purposes; and
- 3.4.5 the governance entity is the only entity that this deed contemplates performing a function described in section HF 2(2)(d)(i) or section HF 2(3)(e)(i) of the Income Tax Act 2007.

CONSISTENT ACTIONS

- 3.5 None of the governance entity, a person associated with it, or the Crown will act in a manner that is inconsistent with this part 3.

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- 3.6 In particular, the governance entity agrees that –
- 3.6.1 from the settlement date, it will be a registered person for GST purposes, unless it is not carrying on a taxable activity; and
 - 3.6.2 neither it, nor any person associated with it, will claim with respect to the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, –
 - (a) an input credit for GST purposes; or
 - (b) a deduction for income tax purposes.

INDEMNITY DEMANDS

- 3.7 The governance entity and the Crown must give notice to the other as soon as reasonably possible after becoming aware that the governance entity may be entitled to an indemnity payment.
- 3.8 An indemnity demand –
- 3.8.1 may be made at any time after the settlement date; but
 - 3.8.2 must not be made more than 20 business days before the due date for payment of the tax, whether that date is –
 - (a) specified in an assessment; or
 - (b) a date for the payment of provisional tax; or
 - (c) otherwise determined; and
 - 3.8.3 must be accompanied by –
 - (a) evidence of the tax, and of any other amount sought, which is reasonably satisfactory to the Crown; and
 - (b) if the demand relates to GST and the Crown requires, a GST tax invoice.

INDEMNITY PAYMENTS

- 3.9 If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may make the payment to –
- 3.9.1 the governance entity; or
 - 3.9.2 the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, on behalf of, and for the account of, the governance entity.

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3: TAX

3.10 The governance entity must pay an indemnity payment received by it to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, by the later of –

3.10.1 the due date for payment of the tax; or

3.10.2 the next business day after receiving the indemnity payment.

REPAYMENT

3.11 If it is determined that some or all of the tax to which an indemnity payment relates is not payable, the governance entity must promptly repay to the Crown any amount that –

3.11.1 the Commissioner of Inland Revenue refunds or credits to the governance entity; or

3.11.2 the governance entity has received but has not paid, and is not required to pay, to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

3.12 The governance entity has no right of set-off or counterclaim in relation to an amount payable by it under paragraph 3.11.

RULINGS

3.13 The governance entity must assist the Crown with an application to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue for a ruling, whether binding or not, in relation to the provision of Crown redress.

CONTROL OF DISPUTES

3.14 If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may –

3.14.1 by notice to the governance entity, require it to –

(a) exercise a right to defer the payment of tax; and/or

(b) take any action specified by the Crown, and confirmed by expert legal tax advice as appropriate action in the circumstances, to respond to, and/or contest, –

(i) a tax assessment; and/or

(ii) a notice in relation to the tax, including a notice of proposed adjustment; or

3.14.2 nominate and instruct counsel on behalf of the governance entity whenever it exercises its rights under paragraph 3.14.1; and

3.14.3 recover from the Commissioner of Inland Revenue any tax paid that is refundable.

DEFINITIONS

3.15 In this part, unless the context requires otherwise, –

provision, in relation to redress, includes its payment, credit, transfer, vesting, making available, creation, or grant; and

use, in relation to redress or an indemnity payment, includes dealing with, payment, transfer, distribution, or application.

4 NOTICE

APPLICATION

- 4.1 Unless otherwise provided in this deed, or a settlement document, this part applies to a notice under this deed or a settlement document.
- 4.2 In particular, this part is subject to the provisions of part 9 of the property redress schedule which provides for notice to the Crown in relation to, or in connection with, a redress property or a deferred selection property.

REQUIREMENTS

- 4.3 A notice must be –
- 4.3.1 in writing; and
 - 4.3.2 signed by the person giving it (but, if the governance entity is giving the notice, it is effective if not less than three trustees sign it); and
 - 4.3.3 addressed to the recipient at its address, facsimile number, or email address as provided –
 - (a) in paragraph 4.6; or
 - (b) if the recipient has given notice of a new address, facsimile number or email address, in the most recent notice of a change of address, facsimile number or email address; and
 - 4.3.4 given by –
 - (a) personal delivery (including by courier) to the recipient's street address; or
 - (b) sending it by pre-paid post addressed to the recipient's postal address; or
 - (c) by faxing it to the recipient's facsimile number; or
 - (d) sending it by electronic mail to the recipient's email address.

TIMING

- 4.4 A notice is to be treated as having been received:
- 4.4.1 at the time of delivery, if personally delivered; or
 - 4.4.2 on the sixth day after posting, if posted; or
 - 4.4.3 on the day of transmission, if faxed or sent by electronic mail.

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4: NOTICE

- 4.5 However, if a notice is treated under paragraph 4.4 as having been received after 5pm on a business day, or on a non-business day, it is to be treated as having been received on the next business day.

ADDRESSES

- 4.6 The address of –

- 4.6.1 Ngāti Maru and the governance entity is –

Te Kāhui Maru Trust
Office 4
52-54 Molesworth Street
NEW PLYMOUTH 4310

Postal address:
PO Box 202
INGLEWOOD 4347

Email address: admin@ngatimaru.co.nz

- 4.6.2 the Crown is –

C/- The Solicitor-General
Crown Law Office
Level 3
Justice Centre
19 Aitken Street
PO Box 2858
WELLINGTON

Facsimile No. 04 473 3482

Email address: library@crownlaw.govt.nz

5 MISCELLANEOUS

AMENDMENTS

5.1 This deed may be amended only by written agreement signed by the governance entity and the Crown.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT

5.2 This deed, and each of the settlement documents, in relation to the matters in it, –

5.2.1 constitutes the entire agreement between the parties; and

5.2.2 supersedes all earlier representations, understandings, and agreements.

NO ASSIGNMENT OR WAIVER

5.3 Paragraph 5.4 applies to rights and obligations under this deed or a settlement document.

5.4 Except as provided in this deed or a settlement document, a party –

5.4.1 may not transfer or assign its rights or obligations; and

5.4.2 does not waive a right by –

(a) failing to exercise it; or

(b) delaying in exercising it; and

5.4.3 is not precluded by a single or partial exercise of a right from exercising –

(a) that right again; or

(b) another right.

NAMES USED IN PLACE OF OFFICIAL OR RECORDED GEOGRAPHIC NAME

5.5 The following is a list of each name used in this deed that is not the official or recorded geographic name for the place or feature.

Names used in place of official or recorded geographic names	Official or recorded name
Horizons Regional Council	Manawatu-Wanganui Regional Council

Handwritten initials and marks in the bottom right corner.

6 DEFINED TERMS

6.1 In this deed –

administering body has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Reserves Act 1977; and

agreement in principle means the agreement in principle referred to in clause 1.6.2; and

area of interest means the area identified as the area of interest in the attachments; and

assessable income has the meaning given to it by section YA 1 of the Income Tax Act 2007; and

attachments means the attachments to this deed, being the area of interest, the deed plans, the exclusive RFR land, the shared RFR land, the Tahora Bus Stop property, DSP school house site diagrams, and the draft settlement bill; and

board of trustees has the meaning given in section 10(1) of the Education and Training Act 2020; and

business day means a day that is not –

- (a) a Saturday or a Sunday; or
- (b) Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday, or Labour Day; or
- (c) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday; or
- (d) a day in the period commencing with 25 December in any year and ending with 15 January in the following year; or
- (e) a day that is observed as the anniversary of the province of –
 - (i) Wellington; or
 - (ii) Taranaki; and

Commissioner of Crown Lands has the same meaning as Commissioner in section 2 of the Land Act 1948; and

Commissioner of Inland Revenue includes, where applicable, the Inland Revenue Department; and

consent authority has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

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6: DEFINED TERMS

conservation board means a board established under section 6L of the Conservation Act 1987; and

conservation document means the conservation management strategy, conservation management plan or national park management plan; and

conservation management plan has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

conservation management strategy has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

Crown has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Public Finance Act 1989; and

Crown forest land has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Crown Forest Assets Act 1989; and

Crown forestry licence –

- (a) has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Crown Forest Assets Act 1989; and
- (b) in relation to licensed land, means the licence described in relation to that land in part 3 of the property redress schedule; and

Crown Forestry Rental Trust means the trust established by the Crown forestry rental trust deed; and

Crown forestry rental trust deed means the trust deed made on 30 April 1990 establishing the Crown Forestry Rental Trust under section 34(1) of the Crown Forest Assets Act 1989; and

Crown redress –

- (a) means redress –
 - (i) provided by the Crown to the governance entity; or
 - (ii) vested by the settlement legislation in the governance entity that was, immediately prior to the vesting, owned by or vested in the Crown; and
- (b) includes the right of the governance entity under the settlement documentation –
 - (i) to acquire a deferred selection property; and
 - (ii) of first refusal in relation to RFR land; and
- (c) includes any part of the Crown redress; and

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- (d) does not include –
- (i) an obligation of the Crown under the settlement documentation to transfer a deferred selection property or RFR land; or
 - (ii) a deferred selection property or RFR land; or
 - (iii) any on-account payment made to entities other than the governance entity; and

cultural redress means the redress provided by or under –

- (a) clauses 5.1 to 5.39; or
- (b) the settlement legislation giving effect to any of those clauses; and

cultural redress property means each property described in schedule 2 of the draft settlement bill; and

Culture and Heritage Party means each of the following agencies:

- (a) Department of Internal Affairs Te Tari Taiwhenua (the agency responsible for the National Library of New Zealand Te Puna Mātauranga o Aotearoa and Archives New Zealand Te Rua Mahara o Te Kāwanatanga);
- (b) Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga;
- (c) Manatū Taonga - Ministry for Culture and Heritage; and
- (d) Museum of New Zealand Te Papa Tongarewa; and

date of this deed means the date this deed is signed by the parties; and

deed of recognition means each deed of recognition in the documents schedule; and

deed of settlement and **deed** means the main body of this deed, the schedules, and the attachments; and

deed plan means a deed plan in the attachments; and

deferred selection period means each period starting on the settlement date and lasting for the period of time specified for each deferred selection property under the heading "Deferred selection period" in the tables set out in part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

deferred selection property –

- (a) means each property described in part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

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- (b) includes a potential deferred selection property that has become a deferred selection property under clause 7.11; and

Director-General of Conservation has the same meaning as Director-General in section 2(1) of the Conservation Act 1987; and

documents schedule means the documents schedule to this deed; and

DSP school house site means each property described in subpart B of part 5 of the property redress schedule – subject to ground verification; and

DSP settlement date, in relation to a purchased deferred selection property, means the date that is 40 business days after the Crown receives an election notice (as defined in paragraph 10.2 of the property redress schedule) from the governance entity electing to purchase the property; and

draft settlement bill means the draft settlement bill in the attachments; and

eligible member of Ngāti Maru means a member of Ngāti Maru who on 16 October 2020 was –

- (a) aged 18 years or over; and
- (b) registered on the register of members of Ngāti Maru kept by Te Rūnanga o Ngāti Maru (Taranaki) Trust for the purpose of voting on the ratification, and signing, of this deed; and

encumbrance, in relation to a property, means a lease, tenancy, licence, licence to occupy, easement, covenant, or other right or obligation, affecting that property; and

Environment Court means the court referred to in section 247 of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

exclusive RFR area means the area shown on SO 544260; and

exclusive RFR land means land, –

- (a) in the exclusive RFR area, that on the settlement date is –
- (i) vested in the Crown; or
- (ii) the fee simple for which is held by the Crown; or
- (iii) a reserve vested in an administering body that derived title from the Crown and that would, on the application of section 25 or 27 of the Reserves Act 1977, revert in the Crown; and
- (b) listed in part 4 of the attachments that, on the settlement date is –

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- (i) vested in the Crown; or
- (ii) the fee simple for which is held by the Crown, Kāinga Ora–Homes and Communities, Fire and Emergency New Zealand, or New Zealand Railways Corporation; or
- (iii) a reserve vested in an administering body that derived title from the Crown and that would, on the application of section 25 or 27 of the Reserves Act 1977, revert in the Crown; and

financial and commercial redress means the redress provided by or under –

- (a) part 7 of the main body of this deed;
- (b) the settlement legislation giving effect to that part; and

financial and commercial redress amount means the amount referred to in clause 7.1 as the financial and commercial redress amount; and

general matters schedule means this schedule; and

governance entity means the trustees of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te Iwi o Maruwharanui, in their capacity as trustees of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te Iwi o Maruwharanui; and

GST –

- (a) means goods and services tax chargeable under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and
- (b) includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of GST; and

Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga means the Crown entity established by section 9 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014; and

historical claim proceeding means an historical claim made in any court, tribunal, or other judicial body; and

historical claims has the meaning given to it by clauses 9.2 to 9.4; and

income tax means:

- (a) income tax imposed under the Income Tax Act 2007; and
- (b) includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of income tax; and

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indemnity demand means a demand made by the governance entity to the Crown under part 3 of this schedule for an indemnity payment; and

indemnity payment means a payment made by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

land holding agency, in relation to –

- (a) the Stratford Railway Strip property, means Land Information New Zealand:
- (b) the following cultural redress properties, means Land Information New Zealand (Treaty Settlements Landbank):
 - (ii) the Tahora Railways property:
 - (iii) the former Matau School House property:
 - (v) the former Tarata School property:
 - (vi) the former Tarata School House property; and
- (c) the Te Kerikeringa - Toetoe Road property, means Office for Māori Crown Relations – Te Arawhiti; and
- (d) all other cultural redress properties, means Department of Conservation; and
- (e) the licensed land, a deferred selection property or a potential deferred selection property, means the department specified opposite that property in parts 3 to 5 of the property redress schedule; and

licensed land –

- (a) means the property described in part 3 of the property redress schedule as licensed land; but
- (b) excludes –
 - (i) all trees growing, standing, or lying on the land; and
 - (ii) all improvements that have been acquired by a purchaser of trees on the land or made, after the acquisition of the trees by the purchaser, or by the licensee; and

LINZ means Land Information New Zealand; and

main body of this deed means all of this deed, other than the schedules and attachments; and

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mandated negotiators means the individuals identified as the mandated negotiators by clause 9.8.1; and

mandated signatories means the individuals identified as the mandated signatories by clause 9.8.2; and

member of Ngāti Maru means an individual referred to in clause 9.6.1; and

Minister means a Minister of the Crown; and

month means a calendar month; and

national park management plan has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

New Zealand Conservation Authority means the authority established under section 6A of the Conservation Act 1987; and

Ngāti Hāua governance entity means the governance entity that receives the redress under the Ngāti Hāua settlement legislation; and

Ngāti Hāua settlement legislation means the legislation that settles the historical Treaty claims of Ngāti Hāua; and

Ngāti Maru has the meaning given to it by clause 9.6; and

notice means a notice given under part 4 of this schedule, or any other applicable provisions of this deed, and notify has a corresponding meaning; and

on-account payments means each amount paid by the Crown on account of the settlement referred to in clause 7.1; and

party means each of the following:

- (a) Ngāti Maru;
- (b) the governance entity;
- (c) the Crown; and

person includes an individual, a corporation sole, a body corporate, and an unincorporated body; and

potential deferred selection property means each property described in subpart A of part 5 of the property redress schedule; and

primary industries protocol means the primary industries protocol in the documents schedule; and

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property redress schedule means the property redress schedule to this deed; and

protocol means a **protocol** issued under clause 5.18 and the settlement legislation; and

purchased deferred selection property means each deferred selection property in relation to which the governance entity and the Crown are to be treated under paragraph 6.4 of the property redress schedule as having entered into an agreement for its sale and purchase; and

redress means –

- (a) the acknowledgements and the apology made by the Crown under clauses 3.1 to 3.26; and
- (b) the cultural redress; and
- (c) the financial and commercial redress; and

redress property means –

- (a) each cultural redress property; and
- (b) the licensed land; and

related school site means the school with which a DSP school house site is associated; and

relevant consent authority for a statutory area, means a consent authority of a region or district that contains, or is adjacent to, the statutory area; and

rental proceeds has the meaning given to it by the Crown forestry rental trust deed; and

representative entity means –

- (a) the governance entity; and
- (b) a person (including any trustee or trustees) acting for or on behalf of:
 - (i) the collective group referred to in clause 9.6.1; or
 - (ii) any one or more members of Ngāti Maru; or
 - (iii) any one or more of the whānau, hapū, or groups of individuals referred to in clause 9.6.2; and

resource consent has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

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responsible Minister has the meaning given to it by section 23 of the draft settlement bill; and

resumptive memorial means a memorial entered on a record of title under any of the following sections:

- (a) 27A of the State-Owned Enterprises Act 1986;
- (b) 568 of the Education and Training Act 2020;
- (c) 38 of the New Zealand Railways Corporation Restructuring Act 1990; and

RFR land means –

- (a) the exclusive RFR land; or
- (b) the shared RFR land; or
- (c) the Tahora Bus Stop property; and

schedules means the schedules to this deed, being the general matters schedule, the property redress schedule, and the documents schedule; and

selection notice has the meaning given to it by paragraph 7.1 of the property redress schedule; and

settlement means the settlement of the historical claims under this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement date means the date that is 40 business days after the date on which the settlement legislation comes into force; and

settlement document means a document entered into to give effect to this deed; and

settlement documentation means this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement legislation means, if the bill proposed by the Crown for introduction to the House of Representatives is passed, the resulting Act; and

shared RFR land means the land listed in part 5 of the attachments that on the commencement date (as defined in clause 7.20) –

- (a) is vested in the Crown; or
- (b) is held in fee simple by the Crown; or
- (c) is a reserve vested in an administering body that derived title from the Crown and that would, on the application of section 25 or 27 of the Reserves Act 1977, revert in the Crown; and

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statement of association means each statement of association in the documents schedule; and

statutory area means an area listed in clause 5.11; and

statutory acknowledgement has the meaning given to it by section 29 of the draft settlement bill; and

Tahora Bus Stop property means the property described by that name in part 6 of the attachments; and

tax includes income tax and GST; and

taxable activity has the meaning given to it by section 6 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

taxable supply has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

tax indemnity means an indemnity given by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te Iwi o Maruwharanui means the trust known by that name and established by a trust deed dated 13 July 2018 and signed by Holden Brent Hohaia, Te Puata Karl Burrows, Kiriana Burrows, Tamzyn Rose Pue, Jordan Marshall Wansbrough and Te Aroha Patricia Michelle Woods; and

Te Korowai o Wainuiārua governance entity means the governance entity that receives the redress under the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua settlement legislation; and

Te Korowai o Wainuiārua settlement legislation means the legislation that settles the historical claims of Te Korowai o Wainuiārua; and

terms of negotiation means the terms of negotiation referred to in clause 1.6.1; and

transfer value, –

- (a) in relation to the licensed land, means the transfer value provided in part 3 of the property redress schedule in relation to that property; and
- (b) in relation to a deferred selection property, has the meaning given to it in part 10 of the property redress schedule; and

TRC income has the meaning given to it by section 31(1) of the New Plymouth District Council (Waitara Lands) Act 2018; and

Treaty of Waitangi means the Treaty of Waitangi as set out in schedule 1 to the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

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6: DEFINED TERMS

trustees of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te Iwi o Maruwharanui means the trustees from time to time of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te Iwi o Maruwharanui; and

vesting, in relation to a cultural redress property, means its vesting under the settlement legislation; and

Waitangi Tribunal means the tribunal established by section 4 of the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

Waitara River has the meaning given to it in section 4 of the New Plymouth District Council (Waitara Lands) Act 2018; and

Waitara River Authorities has the meaning given to it in section 4 of the New Plymouth District Council (Waitara Lands) Act 2018; and

Waitara River catchment has the meaning given to it in section 4 of the New Plymouth District Council (Waitara Lands) Act 2018; and

Whakaaetanga Tiaki Taonga means the Whakaaetanga Tiaki Taonga in part 4.3 of the documents schedule; and

writing means representation in a visible form and on a tangible medium (such as print on paper).

7 INTERPRETATION

- 7.1 This part applies to this deed's interpretation, unless the context requires a different interpretation.
- 7.2 Headings do not affect the interpretation.
- 7.3 A term defined by –
- 7.3.1 this deed has the meaning given to it by this deed; and
 - 7.3.2 the draft settlement bill, but not by this deed, has the meaning given to it by that bill.
- 7.4 All parts of speech and grammatical forms of a defined term have corresponding meanings.
- 7.5 The singular includes the plural and vice versa.
- 7.6 One gender includes the other genders.
- 7.7 Any monetary amount is in New Zealand currency.
- 7.8 Time is New Zealand time.
- 7.9 Something that must or may be done on a day that is not a business day must or may be done on the next business day.
- 7.10 A period of time specified as –
- 7.10.1 beginning on, at, or with a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.2 beginning from or after a specified day, act, or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.3 ending by, on, at, with, or not later than, a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.4 ending before a specified day, act or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.5 continuing to or until a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event.

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7: INTERPRETATION

- 7.11 A reference to –
- 7.11.1 an agreement or document, including this deed or a document in the documents schedule, means that agreement or that document as amended, novated, or replaced; and
 - 7.11.2 legislation, including the settlement legislation, means that legislation as amended, consolidated, or substituted; and
 - 7.11.3 a party includes a permitted successor of that party; and
 - 7.11.4 a particular Minister includes any Minister who, under the authority of a warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is responsible for the relevant matter.
- 7.12 An agreement by two or more persons binds them jointly and severally.
- 7.13 If the Crown must endeavour to do something or achieve some result, the Crown-
- 7.13.1 must use reasonable endeavours to do that thing or achieve that result; but
 - 7.13.2 is not required to propose for introduction to the House of Representatives any legislation, unless expressly required by this deed.
- 7.14 Provisions in –
- 7.14.1 the main body of this deed are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.2 the property redress and general matters schedules are referred to as paragraphs; and
 - 7.14.3 the documents in the documents schedule are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.4 the draft settlement bill are referred to as sections.
- 7.15 If there is a conflict between a provision that is –
- 7.15.1 in the main body of this deed and a provision in a schedule or an attachment, the provision in the main body of the deed prevails; and
 - 7.15.2 in English and a corresponding provision in Māori, the provision in English prevails.
- 7.16 The deed plans in the attachments that are referred to in the statutory acknowledgement indicate the general locations of the relevant sites and areas but not their precise boundaries.

GENERAL MATTERS

7: INTERPRETATION

- 7.17 The deed plans in the attachments that show the cultural redress properties indicate the general locations of the relevant properties but are for information purposes only and do not show their precise boundaries. The legal descriptions for the cultural redress properties are shown in schedule 2 of the draft settlement bill.