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NGĀTI HEI

and

THE TRUSTEES OF THE HEI O WHAREKAHO SETTLEMENT TRUST

and

THE CROWN

**DEED OF SETTLEMENT SCHEDULE:
GENERAL MATTERS**

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1 IMPLEMENTATION OF SETTLEMENT

- 1.1 The governance entity must use best endeavours to ensure that every historical claim proceedings is discontinued –
 - 1.1.1 by the settlement date; or
 - 1.1.2 if not by the settlement date, as soon as practicable afterwards.
- 1.2 The Crown may, after the settlement date, do all or any of the following:
 - 1.2.1 advise the Waitangi Tribunal (or any other tribunal, court, or judicial body) of the settlement:
 - 1.2.2 request the Waitangi Tribunal to amend its register of claims, and adapt its procedures, to reflect the settlement:
 - 1.2.3 from time to time propose for introduction to the House of Representatives a bill or bills for either or both of the following purposes:
 - (a) terminating a historical claim proceedings:
 - (b) giving further effect to this deed, including achieving –
 - (i) certainty in relation to a party's rights and/or obligations; and/or
 - (ii) a final and durable settlement.
- 1.3 The Crown may cease, in relation to Ngāti Hei or a representative entity, any land bank arrangements, except to the extent necessary to comply with its obligations under this deed.
- 1.4 Ngāti Hei and every representative entity must–
 - 1.4.1 support a bill referred to in paragraph 1.2.3; and
 - 1.4.2 not object to a bill removing resumptive memorials from any certificate of title or computer register.

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2 INTEREST

- 2.1 The Crown must pay interest on the financial and commercial redress amount, less the amounts paid under clause 7.1, to the governance entity on the settlement date.
- 2.2 Interest under paragraph 2.1 is payable—
- 2.2.1 on \$8,500,000.00 (being the financial and commercial redress amount) for the period –
- (a) beginning on 17 May 2013, being the date the Iwi of Hauraki and the Crown agreed on the amount to be paid to the Iwi of Hauraki collectively for settlement of claims in the Pare Hauraki redress area (as defined in the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed); and
 - (b) ending on the day before the on-account payment is made to the governance entity under clause 7.2; and
- 2.2.2 on \$8,000,000.00 for the period –
- (a) beginning on the day the on-account payment is made to the governance entity under clause 7.2; and
 - (b) ending on the day before the properties referred to in clause 8.3 are transferred pursuant to the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed; and
- 2.2.3 on \$5,905,949.00 for the period –
- (a) beginning on the day the properties referred to in clause 8.3 are transferred pursuant to the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed; and
 - (b) ending on the day before the settlement date.
- 2.3 The interest is –
- 2.3.1 payable at the rate from time to time set as the official cash rate by the Reserve Bank, calculated on a daily basis but not compounding;
- 2.3.2 subject to any tax payable in relation to it; and
- 2.3.3 payable after withholding any tax required by legislation to be withheld.

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3 TAX

INDEMNITY

- 3.1 The provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, to a governance entity is not intended to be –
- 3.1.1 a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - 3.1.2 assessable income for income tax purposes.
- 3.2 The Crown must, therefore, indemnify the governance entity for –
- 3.2.1 any GST payable by the governance entity in respect of the provision of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; and
 - 3.2.2 any income tax payable by the governance entity as a result of any Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, being treated as assessable income of the governance entity; and
 - 3.2.3 any reasonable cost or liability incurred by the governance entity in taking, at the Crown's direction, action –
 - (a) relating to an indemnity demand; or
 - (b) under paragraph 3.13 or paragraph 3.14.1(b).

LIMITS

- 3.3 The tax indemnity does not apply to the following (which are subject to normal tax treatment):
- 3.3.1 interest paid under part 2:
 - 3.3.2 the transfer of a deferred selection property under the settlement documentation:
 - 3.3.3 the governance entity's –
 - (a) use of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; or
 - (b) payment of costs, or any other amounts, in relation to Crown redress.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 3.4 To avoid doubt, the parties acknowledge –
- 3.4.1 the Crown redress is provided –

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3: TAX

- (a) to settle the historical claims; and
- (b) with no other consideration being provided; and

3.4.2 in particular, the following are not consideration for the Crown redress:

- (a) an agreement under this deed to –
 - (i) enter into an encumbrance, or other obligation, in relation to Crown redress; or
 - (ii) pay costs (such as rates, or other outgoings, or maintenance costs) in relation to Crown redress:
- (b) the performance of that agreement; and

3.4.3 nothing in this part is intended to imply that –

- (a) the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, is –
 - (i) a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - (ii) assessable income for income tax purposes; or
- (b) if the governance entity is a charitable trust, or other charitable entity, it receives –
 - (i) redress, assets, or rights other than for charitable purposes; or
 - (ii) income other than as exempt income for income tax purposes; and

3.4.4 the transfer of a deferred selection property under the settlement documentation is a taxable supply for GST purposes; and

3.4.5 the governance entity is the only entity that this deed contemplates performing a function described in section HF 2(2)(d)(i) or section HF 2(3)(e)(i) of the Income Tax Act 2007.

CONSISTENT ACTIONS

3.5 None of the governance entity, a person associated with it, or the Crown will act in a manner that is inconsistent with this part 3.

3.6 In particular, the governance entity agrees that –

3.6.1 from the settlement date, it will be a registered person for GST purposes, unless it is not carrying on a taxable activity; and

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3: TAX

3.6.2 neither it, nor any person associated with it, will claim with respect to the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, –

- (a) an input credit for GST purposes; or
- (b) a deduction for income tax purposes.

INDEMNITY DEMANDS

3.7 The governance entity and the Crown must give notice to the other, as soon as reasonably possible after becoming aware that the governance entity may be entitled to an indemnity payment.

3.8 An indemnity demand –

3.8.1 may be made at any time after the settlement date; but

3.8.2 must not be made more than 20 business days before the due date for payment of the tax, whether that date is –

- (a) specified in an assessment; or
- (b) a date for the payment of provisional tax; or
- (c) otherwise determined; and

3.8.3 must be accompanied by –

- (a) evidence of the tax, and of any other amount sought, which is reasonably satisfactory to the Crown; and
- (b) if the demand relates to GST and the Crown requires, a GST tax invoice.

INDEMNITY PAYMENTS

3.9 If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may make the payment to –

3.9.1 the governance entity; or

3.9.2 the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, on behalf of, and for the account of, the governance entity.

3.10 The governance entity must pay an indemnity payment received by it to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, by the later of –

3.10.1 the due date for payment of the tax; or

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3: TAX

3.10.2 the next business day after receiving the indemnity payment.

REPAYMENT

3.11 If it is determined that some or all of the tax to which an indemnity payment relates is not payable, the governance entity must promptly repay to the Crown any amount that –

3.11.1 the Commissioner of Inland Revenue refunds or credits to the governance entity; or

3.11.2 the governance entity has received but has not paid, and is not required to pay, to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue.

3.12 The governance entity has no right of set-off or counterclaim in relation to an amount payable by it under paragraph 3.11.

RULINGS

3.13 The governance entity must assist the Crown with an application to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue for a ruling, whether binding or not, in relation to the provision of Crown redress.

CONTROL OF DISPUTES

3.14 If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may –

3.14.1 by notice to the governance entity, require it to –

(a) exercise a right to defer the payment of tax; and/or

(b) take any action specified by the Crown, and confirmed by expert legal tax advice as appropriate action in the circumstances, to respond to, and/or contest, –

(i) a tax assessment; and/or

(ii) a notice in relation to the tax, including a notice of proposed adjustment; or

3.14.2 nominate and instruct counsel on behalf of the governance entity whenever it exercises its rights under paragraph 3.14.1; and

3.14.3 recover from the Commissioner of Inland Revenue any tax paid that is refundable.

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DEFINITIONS

3.15 In this part, unless the context requires otherwise, –

provision, in relation to redress, includes its payment, credit, transfer, vesting, making available, creation, or grant; and

use, in relation to redress or an indemnity payment, includes dealing with, payment, transfer, distribution, or application.

EARLY RELEASE COMMERCIAL REDRESS PROPERTIES UNDER PARE HAURAKI COLLECTIVE REDRESS DEED

3.16 The early release commercial redress properties received from the Pare Hauraki collective commercial entity (under clause 14.7 of the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed) have the same treatment for tax, referred to in this part, as if those properties were received from the Crown directly.

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4 NOTICE

APPLICATION

- 4.1 Unless otherwise provided in this deed, or a settlement document, this part applies to a notice under this deed or a settlement document.
- 4.2 In particular, this part is subject to the provisions of part 5 and part 7 of the property redress schedule which provides for notice to the Crown in relation to, or in connection with, Ohinau Island, a redress property or a deferred selection property.

REQUIREMENTS

- 4.3 A notice must be –
- 4.3.1 in writing; and
 - 4.3.2 signed by the person giving it (but, if the governance entity is giving the notice, it is effective if not less than three trustees sign it); and
 - 4.3.3 addressed to the recipient at its address, facsimile number or email address as provided –
 - (a) in paragraph 4.6; or
 - (b) if the recipient has given notice of a new address, facsimile number or email address, in the most recent notice of a change of address, facsimile number or email address; and
 - 4.3.4 given by –
 - (a) personal delivery (including by courier) to the recipient's street address; or
 - (b) sending it by pre-paid post addressed to the recipient's postal address; or
 - (c) faxing it to the recipient's facsimile number; or
 - (d) sending it by electronic mail to the recipient's email address .

TIMING

- 4.4 A notice is to be treated as having been received:
- 4.4.1 at the time of delivery, if personally delivered; or
 - 4.4.2 on the fourth day after posting, if posted; or

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- 4.4.3 on the day of transmission, if faxed or sent by electronic mail.
- 4.5 However, if a notice is treated under paragraph 4.4 as having been received after 5pm on a business day, or on a non-business day, it is to be treated as having been received on the next business day.

ADDRESSES

- 4.6 The address of:

- 4.6.1 Ngāti Hei and the governance entity –

Hei o Wharekaho Settlement Trust
14A Wharekaho Road
WHITIANGA 3592

- 4.6.2 the Crown is –

C/- The Solicitor-General
Crown Law Office
Level 3
Justice Centre
19 Aitken Street
PO Box 2858
WELLINGTON

Facsimile No: 04 473 3482

Email address: library@crownlaw.govt.nz

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5 MISCELLANEOUS

AMENDMENTS

- 5.1 This deed may be amended only by written agreement signed by the governance entity and the Crown.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT

- 5.2 This deed, and each of the settlement documents, in relation to the matters in it, –
- 5.2.1 constitutes the entire agreement between the parties; and
- 5.2.2 supersedes all earlier representations, understandings, and agreements.

NO ASSIGNMENT OR WAIVER

- 5.3 Paragraph 5.4 applies to rights and obligations under this deed or a settlement document.
- 5.4 Except as provided in this deed or a settlement document, a party –
- 5.4.1 may not transfer or assign its rights or obligations; and
- 5.4.2 does not waive a right by –
- (a) failing to exercise it; or
- (b) delaying in exercising it; and
- 5.4.3 is not precluded by a single or partial exercise of a right from exercising –
- (a) that right again; or
- (b) another right.

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5: MISCELLANEOUS

NAMES USED IN PLACE OF OFFICIAL GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

- 5.5 The following is a list of each name used in this deed for a place or feature that is not its official geographic name:

Name used in deed	Official geographic name/Recorded name
Te Paeroa o Toi	Coromandel Range
Wakahou	Slipper Island (Whakahau)
Motu Waikaia	Waikaiā / Rabbit Island
AkeAke	Akeake Stream
Ruamaahua	Aldermen Islands (Ruamaahu) Nature Reserve
Tikapa Moana	Hauraki Gulf / Tikapa Moana
Kirita	Kirita Bay
Te Pupuha	Te Pupuha Point

6 DEFINED TERMS

6.1 In this deed –

administering body has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Reserves Act 1977; and

agreed transfer value means the transfer value agreed for each early release commercial redress property as listed in the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed; and

area of interest means the area identified as the area of interest in the attachments; and

assessable income has the meaning given to it by section YA 1 of the Income Tax Act 2007; and

attachments means the attachments to this deed, being the area of interest, the deed plans and the draft settlement bill for Ngāti Hei; and

business day means a day that is not –

- (a) a Saturday or a Sunday; or
- (b) Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday, or Labour Day; or
- (c) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday; or
- (d) a day in the period commencing with 25 December in any year and ending with 15 January in the following year; or
- (e) a day that is observed as the anniversary of the province of –
 - (i) Wellington; or
 - (ii) Auckland; and

commercial redress property means the property described in part 3 of the property redress schedule; and

Commissioner of Inland Revenue includes, where applicable, the Inland Revenue Department; and

consent authority has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

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6: DEFINED TERMS

conservation area has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Conservation Act 1987; and

conservation board means a board established under section 6L of the Conservation Act 1987; and

conservation management plan has the meaning given to it by section 12 of the draft settlement bill; and

conservation management strategy has the meaning given to it by section 12 of the draft settlement bill; and

Crown has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Public Finance Act 1989; and

Crown redress –

(a) means redress –

(i) provided by the Crown to the governance entity; or

(ii) vested by the settlement legislation in the governance entity that was, immediately prior to the vesting, owned by or vested in the Crown; and

(b) includes the right of the governance entity under the settlement documentation to acquire a deferred selection property; and

(c) includes any part of the Crown redress; and

(d) does not include –

(i) an obligation of the Crown under the settlement documentation to transfer a deferred selection property; or

(ii) a deferred selection property; or

(iii) any on-account payment made before the date of this deed or to entities other than the governance entity; and

cultural redress means the redress provided by the Crown to the governance entity by or under –

(a) clauses 5.1 to 5.55; or

(b) the settlement legislation giving effect to any of those clauses; and

cultural redress property means, each property described in schedule 1 of the draft settlement bill; and

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date of this deed means the date this deed is signed by the parties; and

deed of settlement and **deed** means the main body of this deed, the schedules, and the attachments; and

deed plan means a deed plan in the attachments; and

deferred selection period means each period starting on the settlement date and lasting for the period of time specified for each deferred selection property under the heading "Deferred selection period" in the tables set out in part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

deferred selection property means each property described in subparts A and B of part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

Director-General of Conservation has the same meaning as Director-General in section 2(1) of the Conservation Act 1987; and

documents schedule means the documents schedule to this deed; and

draft settlement bill means the draft settlement bill in the attachments; and

eligible member of Ngāti Hei means a member of Ngāti Hei who on 28 July 2017 was –

- (a) aged 18 years or over; and
- (b) registered on the register of members of Ngāti Hei kept by the Ngāti Hei Charitable Trust for the purpose of voting on –
 - (i) the ratification, and signing, of this deed; and
 - (ii) the approval of the governance entity to receive the redress; and

encumbrance, in relation to a property, means a lease, tenancy, licence, licence to occupy, easement, covenant, or other right or obligation, affecting that property; and

Environment Court means the court referred to in section 247 of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

financial and commercial redress means the redress provided by or under –

- (a) clauses 7.1 to 7.7, 7.9 to 7.11 and 7.14 to 7.17;
- (b) the settlement legislation giving effect to any of those clauses; and

financial and commercial redress amount means the amount referred to in clause 7.1 as the financial and commercial redress amount; and

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general matters schedule means this schedule; and

governance entity means the trustees for the time being of the Hei o Wharekaho Settlement Trust, in their capacity as trustees of that trust; and

GST –

- (a) means goods and services tax chargeable under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and
- (b) includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of GST; and

Hei o Wharekaho Settlement Trust means the trust known by that name and established by a trust deed dated 17 August 2017; and

Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga means the entity established by section 9 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014; and

historical claim proceedings means an historical claim made in any court, tribunal, or other judicial body; and

historical claims has the meaning given to it by clauses 11.2 to 11.4 in the main body of this deed; and

income tax means income tax imposed under the Income Tax Act 2007 and includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of income tax; and

indemnity demand means a demand made by the governance entity to the Crown under part 3 of this schedule for an indemnity payment; and

indemnity payment means a payment made by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

Iwi of Hauraki means, –

- (a) the collective group comprising the following iwi:
 - (i) Hako; and
 - (ii) Ngāi Tai ki Tāmaki; and
 - (iii) Ngāti Hei; and
 - (iv) Ngāti Maru; and
 - (v) Ngāti Paoa; and

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- (vi) Ngāti Porou ki Hauraki; and
 - (vii) Ngāti Pūkenga; and
 - (viii) Ngāti Rāhiri Tumutumu; and
 - (ix) Ngāti Tamaterā; and
 - (x) Ngāti Tara Tokanui; and
 - (xi) Ngaati Whanaunga; and
 - (xii) Te Patukirikiri; and
- (b) includes the individuals who are members of one or more of the iwi listed in paragraph (a); and
- (c) includes any whānau, hapū or group to the extent that it is composed of those individuals; and
- (d) where the context requires, means one or more of the iwi listed in paragraph (a) of this definition; and

land holding agency, in relation to, –

- (a) a cultural redress property, except Puke Pakira and the Tapu Point property, means the Department of Conservation; and
- (b) Puke Pakira and the Tapu Point property, means the Ministry of Justice; and
- (c) Ohinau Island, means the Ministry of Transport; and
- (d) the commercial redress property, or a deferred selection property, means the department specified opposite that property in part 3, or part 4, as the case may be, of the property redress schedule; and

letter of facilitation means the form of letter in part 7 of the documents schedule; and

letter of introduction means the form of letter in part 9 of the documents schedule; and

letter to museums means the form of letter in part 8 of the documents schedule; and

LINZ means Land Information New Zealand; and

main body of this deed means all of this deed, other than the schedules and attachments; and

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mandated negotiators means the individuals identified as the mandated negotiators by clause 11.7; and

member of Ngāti Hei means an individual referred to in clause 11.5.1; and

Minister means a Minister of the Crown; and

month means a calendar month; and

national park management plan has the meaning given to it by section 12 of the draft settlement bill; and

New Zealand Conservation Authority means the authority established under section 6A of the Conservation Act 1987; and

Ngaati Whanaunga means the iwi known as Ngaati Whanaunga; and

Ngāti Hei values means the statement of Ngāti Hei values; and

Ngāti Maru means the iwi known as Ngāti Maru; and

Ngāti Maru Rūnanga Trust means the trust known by that name and established by a trust deed dated 15 October 2013; and

Ngāti Tamaterā means the iwi known as Ngāti Tamaterā; and

Ngāti Tamaterā Treaty Settlement Trust means the trust known by that name and established by a trust deed dated 22 October 2013; and

notice means a notice given under part 4 of this schedule, or any other applicable provisions of this deed, and **notify** has a corresponding meaning; and

on-account payment means the amount referred to in clause 7.1.2; and

overlay area means each area listed in clause 5.25.1; and

overlay classification has the meaning given to that term in section 73 of the draft settlement bill; and

Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed means a deed signed or to be signed by the Crown and certain mandated signatories for and on behalf of Pare Hauraki; and

Pare Hauraki Collective Redress legislation means, if the bill proposed by the Crown for introduction to the House of Representatives giving effect to the Pare Hauraki Collective Redress Deed is passed, the resulting Act; and

party means the following:

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- (a) Ngāti Hei:
- (b) the governance entity:
- (c) the Crown; and

person includes an individual, a corporation sole, a body corporate, and an unincorporated body; and

primary industries protocol means the primary industries protocol in the documents schedule; and

property redress schedule means the property redress schedule to this deed; and

protection principles means the protection principles in the documents schedule; and

protocol means a protocol issued under clause 5.30 and the settlement legislation; and

purchased deferred selection property means, each deferred selection property in relation to which the governance entity, or, in relation to Tairua School site (land only), the entities specified in paragraph 5.2 of the property redress schedule, as the case may be, and the Crown are to be treated under paragraph 5.6 of the property redress schedule as having entered into an agreement for its sale and purchase; and

purchasing entity has the meaning given to it by clause 7.10.2; and

redress means, –

- (a) the acknowledgements and the apology made by the Crown under clauses 3.1 to 3.16; and
- (b) the cultural redress; and
- (c) the financial and commercial redress; and

redress property means –

- (a) each cultural redress property; and
- (b) the commercial redress property; and

relevant consent authority for a statutory area, means a consent authority of a region or district that contains, or is adjacent to, the statutory area; and

representative entity means –

- (a) the governance entity; and

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(b) a person (including any trustee or trustees) acting for or on behalf of:

(i) the collective group referred to in clause 11.5.1; or

(ii) any one or more members of Ngāti Hei; or

(iii) any one or more of the whānau, hapū, or groups of individuals referred to in clause 11.5.2; and

resource consent has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

responsible Minister has the meaning given to it by section 101 of the draft settlement bill; and

resumptive memorial means a memorial entered on a certificate of title or computer register under any of the following sections:

(a) 27A of the State-Owned Enterprises Act 1986:

(b) 211 of the Education Act 1989:

(c) 38 of the New Zealand Railways Corporation Restructuring Act 1990; and

schedules means the schedules to this deed, being the general matters schedule, the property redress schedule, and the documents schedule; and

school site means a leaseback property in respect of which the land holding agency is the Ministry of Education; and

settlement means the settlement of the historical claims under this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement date means the date that is 60 business days after the date on which the settlement legislation comes into force; and

settlement document means a document entered into to give effect to this deed; and

settlement documentation means this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement legislation means, if the bill proposed by the Crown for introduction to the House of Representatives is passed, the resulting Act; and

specified trustees has the meaning given to it by clause 5.24.1; and

statement of association means each statement of association in the documents schedule; and

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statement of Ngāti Hei values means, in relation each overlay area, the statement –

- (a) made by Ngāti Hei of their values relating to their cultural, spiritual, historical, and traditional association with that area; and
- (b) that is in the form set out in part 1 of the documents schedule at the settlement date; and

statutory acknowledgment has the meaning given to it by section 88 of the draft settlement bill; and

taonga tūturu protocol means, the taonga tūturu protocol in the documents schedule; and

tax includes income tax and GST; and

taxable activity has the meaning given to it by section 6 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

taxable supply has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

tax indemnity means an indemnity given by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

te o a Hei has the meaning given to that term in section 73 of the draft settlement bill; and

Te Tiriti o Waitangi/Treaty of Waitangi means the Treaty of Waitangi as set out in schedule 1 to the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

transfer value –

- (a) in relation to Whenuakite Station, means the transfer value provided in part 3 of the property redress schedule in relation to the share of that property referred to in clause 7.3.1(a)(i) to be transferred to the governance entity; and
- (b) in relation to a deferred selection property, has the meaning given to it in part 8 of the property redress schedule; and

trustees of the Hei o Wharekaho Trust means the trustees from time to time of that trust; and

trustees of the Ngāti Maru Rūnanga Trust means the trustees from time to time of that trust; and

trustees of the Ngāti Tamaterā Treaty Settlement Trust means the trustees from time to time of that trust; and

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trustees of the Te Patukirikiri Iwi Trust means the trustees from time to time of that trust; and

vesting, in relation to a cultural redress property, means its vesting under the settlement legislation; and

vesting date has the meaning given to it by clause 5.21.5 or clause 5.24.5, as the case may be; and

Waitangi Tribunal means the tribunal established by section 4 of the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

Whenuakite Station means the commercial redress property of that name described in part 3 of the property redress schedule; and

writing means representation in a visible form and on a tangible medium (such as print on paper).

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7 INTERPRETATION

- 7.1 This part applies to this deed's interpretation, unless the context requires a different interpretation.
- 7.2 Headings do not affect the interpretation.
- 7.3 A term defined by –
- 7.3.1 this deed has the meaning given to it by this deed; and
 - 7.3.2 the draft settlement bill, but not by this deed, has the meaning given to it by that bill, where used in this deed.
- 7.4 All parts of speech, and grammatical forms, of a defined term have corresponding meanings.
- 7.5 The singular includes the plural and vice versa.
- 7.6 One gender includes the other genders.
- 7.7 Any monetary amount is in New Zealand currency.
- 7.8 Time is New Zealand time.
- 7.9 Something, that must or may be done on a day that is not a business day, must or may be done on the next business day.
- 7.10 A period of time specified as –
- 7.10.1 beginning on, at, or with a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.2 beginning from or after a specified day, act, or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.3 ending by, on, at, with, or not later than, a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.4 ending before a specified day, act or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.5 continuing to or until a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event.

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- 7.11 A reference to –
- 7.11.1 an agreement or document, including this deed or a document in the documents schedule, means that agreement or that document as amended, novated, or replaced; and
 - 7.11.2 legislation, including the settlement legislation, means that legislation as amended, consolidated, or substituted; and
 - 7.11.3 a party includes a permitted successor of that party; and
 - 7.11.4 a particular Minister includes any Minister who, under the authority of a warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is responsible for the relevant matter.
- 7.12 An agreement by two or more persons binds them jointly and severally.
- 7.13 If the Crown must endeavour to do something or achieve some result, the Crown –
- 7.13.1 must use reasonable endeavours to do that thing or achieve that result; but
 - 7.13.2 is not required to propose for introduction to the House of Representatives any legislation, unless expressly required by this deed.
- 7.14 Provisions in –
- 7.14.1 the main body of this deed are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.2 the property redress, and general matters, schedules are referred to as paragraphs; and
 - 7.14.3 the documents in the documents schedule are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.4 the draft settlement bill are referred to as sections.
- 7.15 If there is a conflict between a provision that is –
- 7.15.1 in the main body of this deed and a provision in a schedule or an attachment, the provision in the main body of the deed prevails; and
 - 7.15.2 in English and a corresponding provision in Māori, the provision in English prevails.
- 7.16 The deed plans in the attachments that are referred to in the overlay classification, te o a Hei, the statutory acknowledgement and Hei o Wharekaho tiakimoana indicate the general locations of the relevant sites and areas but not their precise boundaries.
- 7.17 The deed plans in the attachments that show the cultural redress properties indicate the general locations of the relevant properties but are for information purposes only and do

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not show their precise boundaries. The legal descriptions for the cultural redress properties are shown in schedule 1 of the draft settlement bill.