NGĀTI HĀUA

and

TE WHIRINGA KĀKAHO O NGĀTI HĀUA

and

THE CROWN

TE PUA O TE RIRI KORE

DEED OF SETTLEMENT SCHEDULE:

GENERAL MATTERS

29 March 2025

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1 IMPLEMENTATION OF SETTLEMENT

- 1.1. The governance entity must use best endeavours to ensure that every historical claim proceeding is discontinued
 - 1.1.1. by the settlement date; or
 - 1.1.2. as soon as practicable after the settlement date.
- 1.2. After the settlement date, the Crown may, do all or any of the following:
 - 1.2.1. advise the Waitangi Tribunal (or any other tribunal, court, or judicial body) of the settlement;
 - 1.2.2. request the Waitangi Tribunal to amend its register of claims, and adapt its procedures, to reflect the settlement;
 - 1.2.3. from time to time propose for introduction to the House of Representatives a bill or bills for either or both of the following purposes:
 - (a) terminating any historical claim proceeding;
 - (b) giving further effect to this deed, including achieving -
 - (i) certainty in relation to a party's rights and/or obligations; and/or
 - (ii) a final and durable settlement.
- 1.3. The Crown may cease, in relation to Ngāti Hāua or a representative entity, any land bank arrangements, except to the extent necessary to comply with its obligations under this deed.
- 1.4. Ngāti Hāua and every representative entity must -
 - 1.4.1. support a bill referred to in paragraph 1.2.3; and
 - 1.4.2. not object to a bill removing resumptive memorials from any record of title.

2 INTEREST

- 2.1. The Crown must pay interest on the financial and commercial redress amount of \$19,000,000 to the governance entity.
- 2.2. The interest is payable -
 - 2.2.1. on the amount of \$19,000,000 -
 - (a) for the period
 - (i) beginning on the date of the agreement in principle; and
 - (ii) ending on the day before the on-account payment of \$3,800,000 is paid to the governance entity under clause 10.3; and
 - (b) on the day the on-account payment is paid to the governance entity under clause 10.3; and
 - 2.2.2. on the amount of \$15,200,000 -
 - (a) for the period
 - (i) beginning on the date the on-account payment is paid to the governance entity; and
 - (ii) ending on the day before the settlement date; and
 - (b) on the settlement date; and
- 2.3. The interest is -
 - 2.3.1. payable at the rate from time to time set as the official cash rate by the Reserve Bank, calculated on a daily basis but not compounding; and
 - 2.3.2. subject to any tax payable in relation to it; and
 - 2.3.3. payable after withholding any tax required by legislation to be withheld.

3 TAX

INDEMNITY

- 3.1. The provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, to the governance entity is not intended to be
 - 3.1.1. a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - 3.1.2. assessable income for income tax purposes.
- 3.2. The Crown must, therefore, indemnify the governance entity for -
 - 3.2.1. any GST payable by the governance entity in respect of the provision of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; and
 - 3.2.2. any income tax payable by the governance entity as a result of any Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, being treated as assessable income of the governance entity; and
 - 3.2.3. any reasonable cost or liability incurred by the governance entity in taking, at the Crown's direction, action
 - (a) relating to an indemnity demand; or
 - (b) under paragraph 3.13 or paragraph 3.14.1(b).

LIMITS

- 3.3. The tax indemnity does not apply to the following (which are subject to normal tax treatment):
 - 3.3.1. interest paid under part 2 of this schedule:
 - 3.3.2. the transfer of a deferred selection property, exclusive RFR land or shared RFR land under the settlement documentation:
 - 3.3.3. the governance entity's -
 - (a) use of Crown redress or an indemnity payment; or
 - (b) payment of costs, or any other amounts, in relation to Crown redress.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- 3.4. To avoid doubt, the parties acknowledge -
 - 3.4.1. the Crown redress is provided –

- (a) to settle the historical claims; and
- (b) with no other consideration being provided; and
- 3.4.2. in particular, the following are not consideration for the Crown redress:
 - (a) an agreement under this deed to -
 - (i) enter into an encumbrance, or other obligation, in relation to Crown redress; or
 - (ii) pay costs (such as rates, or other outgoings, or maintenance costs) in relation to Crown redress:
 - (b) the performance of that agreement; and
- 3.4.3. nothing in this part is intended to imply that -
 - (a) the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment, is -
 - (i) a taxable supply for GST purposes; or
 - (ii) assessable income for income tax purposes; or
 - (b) if the governance entity is a charitable trust, or other charitable entity, it receives
 - (i) redress, assets, or rights other than for charitable purposes; or
 - (ii) income other than as exempt income for income tax purposes; and
- 3.4.4. the transfer of a deferred selection property, exclusive RFR land or shared RFR land under the settlement documentation is a taxable supply for GST purposes; and
- 3.4.5. the governance entity is the only entity that this deed contemplates performing a function described in section HF 2(2)(d)(i) or section HF 2(3)(e)(i) of the Income Tax Act 2007.

CONSISTENT ACTIONS

- 3.5. None of the governance entity, a person associated with it, or the Crown will act in a manner that is inconsistent with this part 3.
- 3.6. In particular, the governance entity agrees that
 - 3.6.1. from the settlement date, it will be a registered person for GST purposes, unless it is not carrying on a taxable activity; and

- 3.6.2. neither it, nor any person associated with it, will claim with respect to the provision of Crown redress, or an indemnity payment,
 - (a) an input credit for GST purposes; or
 - (b) a deduction for income tax purposes.

INDEMNITY DEMANDS

- 3.7. The governance entity and the Crown must give notice to the other as soon as reasonably possible after becoming aware that the governance entity may be entitled to an indemnity payment.
- 3.8. An indemnity demand
 - 3.8.1. may be made at any time after the settlement date; but
 - 3.8.2. must not be made more than 20 working days before the due date for payment of the tax, whether that date is
 - (a) specified in an assessment; or
 - (b) a date for the payment of provisional tax; or
 - (c) otherwise determined; and
 - 3.8.3. must be accompanied by
 - (a) evidence of the tax, and of any other amount sought, which is reasonably satisfactory to the Crown; and
 - (b) if the demand relates to GST and the Crown requires, GST taxable supply information.

INDEMNITY PAYMENTS

- 3.9. If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may make the payment to
 - 3.9.1. the governance entity; or
 - 3.9.2. the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, on behalf of, and for the account of, the governance entity.
- 3.10. The governance entity must pay an indemnity payment received by it to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue, by the later of
 - 3.10.1. the due date for payment of the tax; or

3.10.2. the next working day after receiving the indemnity payment.

REPAYMENT

- 3.11. If it is determined that some or all of the tax to which an indemnity payment relates is not payable, the governance entity must promptly repay to the Crown any amount that
 - 3.11.1. the Commissioner of Inland Revenue refunds or credits to the governance entity; or
 - 3.11.2. the governance entity has received but has not paid, and is not required to pay, to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue.
- 3.12. The governance entity has no right of set-off or counterclaim in relation to an amount payable by it under paragraph 3.11.

RULINGS

3.13. The governance entity must assist the Crown with an application to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue for a ruling, whether binding or not, in relation to the provision of Crown redress.

CONTROL OF DISPUTES

- 3.14. If the governance entity is entitled to an indemnity payment, the Crown may -
 - 3.14.1. by notice to the governance entity, require it to -
 - (a) exercise a right to defer the payment of tax; and/or
 - (b) take any action specified by the Crown, and confirmed by expert legal tax advice as appropriate action in the circumstances, to respond to, and/or contest, -
 - (i) a tax assessment; and/or
 - (ii) a notice in relation to the tax, including a notice of proposed adjustment; or
 - 3.14.2. nominate and instruct counsel on behalf of the governance entity whenever it exercises its rights under paragraph 3.14.1; and
 - 3.14.3. recover from the Commissioner of Inland Revenue any tax paid that is refundable.

DEFINITIONS

3.15. In this part, unless the context requires otherwise, -

provision, in relation to redress, includes its payment, credit, transfer, vesting, making available, creation, or grant; and

use, in relation to redress or an indemnity payment, includes dealing with, payment, transfer, distribution, or application.

4 NOTICE

APPLICATION

- 4.1. Unless otherwise provided in this deed, or a settlement document, this part applies to a notice under this deed or a settlement document.
- 4.2. In particular, this part is subject to the provisions of part 7 of the property redress schedule which provides for notice to the Crown in relation to, or in connection with, a redress property or a deferred selection property.

REQUIREMENTS

- 4.3. A notice must be -
 - 4.3.1. in writing; and
 - 4.3.2. signed by the person giving it (but, if the governance entity is giving the notice, it is effective if not less than two trustees sign it); and
 - 4.3.3. addressed to the recipient at its address, facsimile number, or email address as provided
 - (a) in paragraph 4.6; or
 - (b) if the recipient has given notice of a new address, facsimile number or email address, in the most recent notice of a change of address, facsimile number or email address; and
 - 4.3.4. given by
 - (a) personal delivery (including by courier) to the recipient's street address; or
 - (b) sending it by pre-paid post addressed to the recipient's postal address; or
 - (c) by faxing it to the recipient's facsimile number; or
 - (d) sending it by electronic mail to the recipient's email address.

TIMING

- 4.4. A notice is to be treated as having been received:
 - 4.4.1. at the time of delivery, if personally delivered; or
 - 4.4.2. on the sixth day after posting, if posted; or
 - 4.4.3. on the day of transmission, if faxed or sent by electronic mail.

4.5. However, if a notice is treated under paragraph 4.4 as having been received after 5pm on a working day, or on a non-working day, it is to be treated as having been received on the next working day.

ADDRESSES

- 4.6. The address of
 - 4.6.1. Ngāti Hāua and the governance entity is -

153 Hakiaha Street, PO Box 400, **TAUMARUNUI 3920**

Phone: 07 895 5966

Email: info@ngatihaua.iwi.nz

4.6.2. the Crown is –

C/- The Solicitor-General Crown Law Office Level 2 Justice Centre 19 Aitken Street PO Box 2858 WELLINGTON

Facsimile No. 04 473 3482

Email address library@crownlaw.govt.nz

5 MISCELLANEOUS

AMENDMENTS

5.1. This deed may be amended only by written agreement signed by the governance entity and the Crown.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT

- 5.2. This deed, and each of the settlement documents, in relation to the matters in it, -
 - 5.2.1. constitutes the entire agreement between the parties; and
 - 5.2.2. supersedes all earlier representations, understandings, and agreements.

NO ASSIGNMENT OR WAIVER

- 5.3. Paragraph 5.4 applies to rights and obligations under this deed or a settlement document.
- 5.4. Except as provided in this deed or a settlement document, a party -
 - 5.4.1. may not transfer or assign its rights or obligations; and
 - 5.4.2. does not waive a right by
 - (a) failing to exercise it; or
 - (b) delaying in exercising it; and
 - 5.4.3. is not precluded by a single or partial exercise of a right from exercising -
 - (a) that right again; or
 - (b) another right.

6 DEFINED TERMS

6.1. In this deed-

administering body has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Reserves Act 1977; and

agreement in principle means the agreement in principle referred to in clause 1.39.2; and

area of interest means the area identified as the area of interest in the attachments; and

assessable income has the meaning given to it by section YA 1 of the Income Tax Act 2007; and

attachments means the attachments to this deed, being the area of interest, the deed plans, Railway land RFR plan, the exclusive RFR land, the shared RFR land, Raurimu Station Property, RSR land, redress properties and deferred selection properties to which section 20 of the draft settlement bill applies as at the date of this deed, and the draft settlement bill; and

board of trustees means a board of trustees constituted under subpart 5 of Part 3 of the Education and Training Act 2020; and

commercial redress property means each property described in part 3 of the property redress schedule; and

Commissioner of Crown Lands has the same meaning as Commissioner in section 2 of the Land Act 1948; and

Commissioner of Inland Revenue includes, where applicable, the Inland Revenue Department; and

consent authority has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

conservation board means a board established under section 6L of the Conservation Act 1987; and

conservation document means a conservation management strategy, conservation management plan or national park management plan; and

conservation legislation means the Conservation Act 1987 and the enactments listed in Schedule 1 of that Act; and

conservation management plan has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

conservation management strategy has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

Crown has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Public Finance Act 1989; and

Crown Minerals Protocol means the **Crown Minerals Protocol** issued under clause 9.13 and the settlement legislation; and

Crown redress -

- (a) means redress
 - (i) provided by the Crown to the governance entity; or
 - (ii) vested by the settlement legislation in the governance entity that was, immediately prior to the vesting, owned by or vested in the Crown; and
- (b) includes the right of the governance entity under the settlement documentation -
 - (i) to acquire a deferred selection property; and
 - (ii) of first refusal in relation to RFR land; and
- (c) includes any part of the Crown redress; and
- (d) does not include
 - (i) an obligation of the Crown under the settlement documentation to transfer a deferred selection property or RFR land; or
 - (ii) a deferred selection property or RFR land; or
 - (iii) any on-account payment made to entities other than the governance entity; and

cultural redress means the redress provided by or under -

- (a) clauses 8.1 to 8.75 and 9.1 to 9.30; or
- (b) the settlement legislation giving effect to any of those clauses; and

cultural redress property means each property described in schedule 3 of the draft settlement bill; and

Culture and Heritage Party means each of the following agencies:

(a) Department of Internal Affairs Te Tari Taiwhenua (the agency responsible for the National Library of New Zealand Te Puna Mātauranga o Aotearoa and Archives New Zealand Te Rua Mahara o Te Kāwanatanga):

- (b) Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga:
- (c) Manatū Taonga Ministry for Culture and Heritage; and
- (d) Museum of New Zealand Te Papa Tongarewa; and

date of this deed means the date this deed is signed by the parties; and

deed of recognition means the deed of recognition in the documents schedule; and

deed of settlement and **deed** means the main body of this deed, the schedules, and the attachments; and

deed plan means a deed plan in the attachments; and

Deed Recording Agreement – Raurimu Station means Deed Recording Agreement in relation to Raurimu Station as a Shared Deferred Selection Property with Te Korowai o Wainuiārua dated 19 December 2022; and

deferred selection period means each period starting on the settlement date and lasting for the period of time specified for each deferred selection property under the heading "Deferred selection period" in the tables set out in part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

deferred selection property means each property described in part 4 of the property redress schedule; and

Director-General of Conservation has the same meaning as Director-General in section 2(1) of the Conservation Act 1987; and

documents schedule means the documents schedule to this deed; and

draft settlement bill means the draft settlement bill in the attachments; and

eligible members of Ngāti Hāua means a member of Ngāti Hāua who on 7 February 2025 was –

- (a) aged 18 years or over; and
- (b) registered on the register of members of Ngāti Hāua kept by Ngāti Hāua Iwi Trust for the purpose of voting on
 - (i) the ratification, and signing, of this deed; and
 - (ii) the approval of the governance entity to receive the redress; and

encumbrance, in relation to a property, means a lease, tenancy, licence, licence to occupy, easement, covenant, or other right or obligation, affecting that property; and

Environment Court means the court referred to in section 247 of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

exclusive RFR land means:

- (a) land listed in part 4 of the attachments that, on the settlement date,
 - (i) is vested in the Crown; or
 - (ii) held in fee simple by the Crown; or
 - (iii) is a reserve vested in an administering body that derived title from the Crown and that would, on the application of section 25 or 27 of the Reserves Act 1977, revest in the Crown; and
- (b) any land that has ceased to be a commercial redress property under clause 10.7, if on the settlement date, it is -
 - (i) vested in the Crown; or
 - (ii) held in fee simple by the Crown; and
- (c) land that is, on the settlement date, vested in the Crown and administered by the New Zealand Railways Corporation and forms part of:
 - (i) the Stratford Okahukura Line located between point 1793110 mE, 5703180 mN and point 1761000 mE, 5679480 mN on SO 611727; or
 - (ii) the North Island Main Trunk located between point 1794100 mE, 5696056 mN and point 1805840 mE, 5680605 mN on SO 611727.

financial and commercial redress means the redress provided by or under -

- (a) clauses 10.1 to 10.25;
- (b) the settlement legislation giving effect to any of those clauses; and

financial and commercial redress amount means the amount referred to in clause 10.1 as the financial and commercial redress amount; and

general matters schedule means this schedule; and

governance entity means the trustees of Te Whiringa Kākaho o Ngāti Hāua in their capacity as trustees of Te Whiringa Kākaho o Ngāti Hāua; and

GST –

(a) means goods and services tax chargeable under the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

(b) includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of GST; and

Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga means the Crown entity established by section 9 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014; and

historical claim proceeding means an historical claim made in any court, tribunal, or other judicial body; and

historical claims has the meaning given to it by clauses 12.2 to 12.4; and

income tax means:

- (a) income tax imposed under the Income Tax Act 2007; and
- (b) includes, for the purposes of part 3 of this schedule, any interest or penalty payable in respect of, or on account of, the late or non-payment of income tax; and

indemnity demand means a demand made by the governance entity to the Crown under part 3 of this schedule for an indemnity payment; and

indemnity payment means a payment made by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

land holding agency, in relation to, -

- (a) the following cultural redress properties, means LINZ (Treaty Settlements Landbank):
 - (i) Former Kirikau School property;
 - (ii) Taitua Street site A;
 - (iii) Taitua Street site B;
 - (iv) Former Kākahi School property; and
- (b) the following cultural redress properties, means the Office for Māori Crown Relations Te Arawhiti:
 - (i) Makere Te Uruweherua;
 - (ii) Tūmoana; and
- (c) all other cultural redress properties, means the Department of Conservation; and
- (d) a commercial redress property or a deferred selection property, means the department specified opposite that property in part 3 of part 4 of the property redress schedule.

LINZ means Land Information New Zealand; and

main body of this deed means all of this deed, other than the schedules and attachments; and

mandated negotiators means the individuals identified as the mandated negotiators by clause 12.9.1; and

mandated signatories means the individuals identified as the mandated signatories by clause 12.9.2; and

member of Ngāti Hāua means an individual referred to in clause 12.7.1; and

Minister means a Minister of the Crown; and

month means a calendar month; and

national park management plan has the meaning given to that term in the draft settlement bill; and

New Zealand Conservation Authority means the authority established under section 6A of the Conservation Act 1987; and

Ngāti Hāua has the meaning given to it by clause 12.7; and

notice means a notice given under part 4 of this schedule, or any other applicable provisions of this deed, and notify has a corresponding meaning; and

notice of interest, in relation to a deferred selection property, means a notice given by the governance entity under paragraph 5.1 of the property redress schedule in relation to the property; and

on-account payment means the amount referred to in clause 10.2 paid by the Crown on account of the settlement; and

party means each of the following:

- (a) Ngāti Hāua:
- (b) the governance entity:
- (c) the Crown; and

person includes an individual, a corporation sole, a body corporate, and an unincorporated body; and

property redress schedule means the property redress schedule to this deed; and

protection principles means the protection principles in the documents schedule; and

public conservation land means land that is -

- (a) vested in the Crown or held in fee simple by the Crown; and
- (b) held, managed or administered by the Department of Conservation under conservation legislation; and

purchased deferred selection property means each deferred selection property in relation to which the governance entity and the Crown are to be treated under paragraph 5.4 of the property redress schedule as having entered into an agreement for its sale and purchase; and

Raurimu Station property means the property described by that name in part 6 of the attachments that on the commencement date (as defined in clause 10.23) is held in fee simple by Landcorp Holdings Limited; and

redress means -

- (a) the acknowledgement and the apology made by the Crown under clauses 4.1 4.37; and
- (b) the cultural redress; and
- (c) the financial and commercial redress; and

redress property means -

- (a) each cultural redress property; and
- (b) each commercial redress property; and

relevant consent authority for a statutory area, means a consent authority of a region or district that contains, or is adjacent to, the statutory area; and

representative entity means -

- (a) the governance entity; and
- (b) a person (including any trustee or trustees) acting for or on behalf of:
 - (i) the collective group referred to in clause 12.7.1; or
 - (ii) any one or more members of Ngāti Hāua; or
 - (iii) any one or more of the whānau, hāpu, or groups of individuals referred to in clause 12.7.2; and

resource consent has the meaning given to it by section 2(1) of the Resource Management Act 1991; and

responsible Minister has the meaning given to it by section 27 of the draft settlement bill; and

resumptive memorial means a memorial entered on a record of title under any of the following sections:

- (a) 27A of the State-Owned Enterprises Act 1986:
- (b) 568 of the Education and Training Act 2020:
- (c) 38 of the New Zealand Railways Corporation Restructuring Act 1990; and

RFR land means the exclusive RFR land, the shared RFR land and the Raurimu Station property; and

RSR land means -

- the land listed in part 7 of the attachments, being the exclusive RFR land within the meaning of section 183 of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Claims Settlement Act 2025; and
- (b) to avoid doubt, includes any land obtained in exchange for a disposal of the land under section 198(1)(c) or 199 of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Claims Settlement Act 2025; and
- (c) does not include any land that has ceased to be RFR land (within the meaning of section 184 of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Claims Settlement Act 2025 in any of the circumstances described in section 184(3) of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Claims Settlement Act 2025; and
- (d) does not include any land that, on the settlement date, is subject to a contract formed under section 191 of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Claims Settlement Act 2025; and

schedules means the schedules to this deed, being the general matters schedule, the property redress schedule, and the documents schedule; and

settlement means the settlement of the historical claims under this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement date means the date that is 40 working days after the date on which the settlement legislation comes into force; and

settlement document means a document entered into to give effect to this deed; and

settlement documentation means this deed and the settlement legislation; and

settlement legislation means, if the bill proposed by the Crown for introduction to the House of Representatives is passed, the resulting Act; and

shared RFR land means the land listed in part 5 of the attachments that on 1 June 2025 (which is 3 years after the settlement date under the Ngāti Maru (Taranaki) Claims Settlement Act 2022) –

- (a) is vested in the Crown; or
- (b) is held in fee simple by the Crown; or
- (c) is a reserve vested in an administering body that derived title from the Crown and that would, on the application of Section 25 or 27 of the Reserves Act 1977, revest in the Crown; and

statement of association means each statement of association in the documents schedule; and

statement of Ngāti Hāua values means, in relation to Te Tuanui, the statement -

- (a) made by Ngāti Hāua of their values relating to their cultural, spiritual, historical, and traditional association with the area; and
- (b) that is in the form set out in part 3 of the documents schedule at the settlement date; and

statutory area means an area listed in clause 8.49.1; and

statutory acknowledgement has the meaning given to it by section 33 of the draft settlement bill; and

tax includes income tax and GST; and

taxable activity has the meaning given to it by section 6 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

taxable supply has the meaning given to it by section 2 of the Goods and Services Tax Act 1985; and

tax indemnity means an indemnity given by the Crown under part 3 of this schedule; and

Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te lwi o Maruwharanui means the trust of that name established by a trust deed dated 13 July 2018; and

Te Korowai o Wainuiārua has the meaning given to it in the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua settlement deed; and

Te Korowai o Wainuiārua settlement deed means the Deed of Settlement of Historical Claims entered into between Te Korowai o Wainuiārua, Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Trust and the Crown, dated 29 July 2023; and

Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Trust means the trust of that name established by a trust deed dated 1 July 2023; and

Te Nehenehenui means the trust of that name established by the Te Nehenehenui Trust Deed dated 17 October 2021; and

Te Pou Tikanga means Ngāti Hāua values outlined in Part 2 of this deed; and

Te Tuanui has the meaning given to that term in section 47 of the draft settlement bill; and

Te Tuanui area means the area listed in clause 8.42.1; and

Te Whiringa Kākaho o Ngāti Hāua means the trust known by that name and established by a trust deed dated 25 March 2025 and signed by Graham Evans Bell, Lois Jean Tutemahurangi, Joseph George Allen, Louise Raewyn Wahapa, Aaron Jon Rice-Edwards, Brett Arthur Anderson and Raemoana Piki Waitapu Taiaroa-Whatarangi; and

terms of negotiation means the terms of negotiation referred to in clause 1.39.1; and

transfer value, -

- (a) in relation to a commercial redress property, means the transfer value provided in part 3 of the property redress schedule in relation to that property; and
- (b) in relation to a deferred selection property, has the meaning given to it in part 8 of the property redress schedule; and

Tiriti o Waitangi/Treaty of Waitangi means the Treaty of Waitangi as set out in schedule 1 to the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

trustees of Te Whiringa Kākaho o Ngāti Hāua means the trustees from time to time of Te Whiringa Kākaho o Ngāti Hāua; and

trustees of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te lwi o Maruwharanui means the trustees, acting in their capacity as trustees, of Te Kāhui Maru Trust: Te lwi o Maruwharanui; and

trustees of Te Nehenehenui means the trustees appointed in accordance with the Te Nehenehenui Trust Deed, acting in their capacity as trustees of Te Nehenehenui; and

trustees of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Trust means the trustees, acting in their capacity as trustees, of the Te Korowai o Wainuiārua Trust; and

vesting, in relation to a cultural redress property, means its vesting under the settlement legislation; and

Waitangi Tribunal means the tribunal established by section 4 of the Treaty of Waitangi Act 1975; and

Whakaaetanga Tiaki Taonga means the Whakaaetanga Tiaki Taonga in part 7 of the documents schedule; and

working day means a day that is not -

- (a) a Saturday or a Sunday; or
- (b) Waitangi Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, the Sovereign's Birthday, Te Rā Aro ki a Matariki/Matariki Observance Day, or Labour Day; or
- (c) if Waitangi Day or Anzac Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday; or
- (d) a day in the period commencing with 25 December in any year and ending with 15 January in the following year; or
- (e) a day that is observed as the anniversary of the province of
 - (i) Wellington; or
 - (ii) Auckland; and

writing means representation in a visible form and on a tangible medium (such as print on paper).

7 INTERPRETATION

- 7.1. This part applies to this deed's interpretation, unless the context requires a different interpretation.
- 7.2. Headings do not affect the interpretation.
- 7.3. A term defined by
 - 7.3.1. this deed has the meaning given to it by this deed; and
 - 7.3.2. the draft settlement bill, but not by this deed, has the meaning given to it by that bill.
- 7.4. All parts of speech and grammatical forms of a defined term have corresponding meanings.
- 7.5. The singular includes the plural and vice versa.
- 7.6. One gender includes the other genders.
- 7.7. Any monetary amount is in New Zealand currency.
- 7.8. Time is New Zealand time.
- 7.9. Something that must or may be done on a day that is not a working day must or may be done on the next working day.
- 7.10. A period of time specified as -
 - 7.10.1. beginning on, at, or with a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.2. beginning from or after a specified day, act, or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.3. ending by, on, at, with, or not later than, a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.4. ending before a specified day, act or event does not include that day or the day of the act or event; or
 - 7.10.5. continuing to or until a specified day, act, or event includes that day or the day of the act or event.

- 7.11. A reference to -
 - 7.11.1. an agreement or document, including this deed or a document in the documents schedule, means that agreement or that document as amended, novated, or replaced; and
 - 7.11.2. legislation, including the settlement legislation, means that legislation as amended, consolidated, or substituted; and
 - 7.11.3. a party includes a permitted successor of that party; and
 - 7.11.4. a particular Minister includes any Minister who, under the authority of a warrant or with the authority of the Prime Minister, is responsible for the relevant matter.
- 7.12. An agreement by two or more persons binds them jointly and severally.
- 7.13. If the Crown must endeavour to do something or achieve some result, the Crown-
 - 7.13.1. must use reasonable endeavours to do that thing or achieve that result; but
 - 7.13.2. is not required to propose for introduction to the House of Representatives any legislation, unless expressly required by this deed.
- 7.14. Provisions in
 - 7.14.1. the main body of this deed are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.2. the property redress and general matters schedules are referred to as paragraphs; and
 - 7.14.3. the documents in the documents schedule are referred to as clauses; and
 - 7.14.4. the draft settlement bill are referred to as sections.
- 7.15. If there is a conflict between a provision that is in the main body of this deed and a provision in a schedule or an attachment, the provision in the main body of the deed prevails.
- 7.16. The deed plans in the attachments that are referred to in Te Tuanui and the statutory acknowledgement indicate the general locations of the relevant areas but not their precise boundaries.
- 7.17. The deed plans in the attachments that show the cultural redress properties indicate the general locations of the relevant properties but are for information purposes only and do not show their precise boundaries. The legal descriptions for the cultural redress properties are shown in schedule 3 of the draft settlement bill.

GENERAL MATTERS 7: INTERPRETATION

7.18. The deed plans in the attachments that show the Nohoanga Sites indicate the general locations of the relevant sites but are for information purposes only and do not show their precise boundaries. The legal descriptions for the Nohoanga Sites are shown in schedule 5 of the draft settlement bill.